

# **Compact resistance thermometer**

TR36 type

Art. No. 148325 Type No. TR36.100.3.A.12.200



Exemplary illustration

Resistance thermometers of these series are used as universal thermometers for the measurement of liquid and gaseous media. It consists of a probe tube, which can be fixed into the process. All electrical components are protected against splash water and designed to withstand vibration.

# **Technical data**

| WIKA type                  | TR36                     |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Housing                    | CrNi steel 1.4571        |
| Indicating range           | -30 to 150 °C            |
| Ambient temperature        | -40 to 85 °C             |
| Protection IP              | IP 65                    |
| Accuracy                   | class A                  |
| Output signal              | Pt100, 3-wire            |
| Installation length        | 200 mm                   |
| Thread                     | G 1/2 ET                 |
| Wetted parts               | CrNi steel 1.4571        |
| Electrical connection      | angular connector form A |
| Angular connector material | PA                       |
|                            |                          |

Other special versions with different insertion lengths, process connections, sensors and connection methods can be individually selected for the respective application and are available on request.



# **Commercial data**

| Customs tariff number   | 90251900            |
|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Country of origin       | PL                  |
| eCl@ss 5.1.4            | 27270101            |
| eCl@ss 9.0              | 27270101            |
| UNSPSC_Code_v190501     | 41112207            |
| UNSPSC_CodeDesc_v190501 | Temperature sensors |



## Temperature

# Resistance thermometer Threaded, compact version Model TR36

WIKA data sheet TE 60.36

# Applications

- Machine building, plant and vessel construction
- Propulsion technology, hydraulics

## **Special features**

- Sensor range -50 ... +250 °C [-58 ... +482 °F]
- Compact design
- Electrical connection via angular connector DIN EN 175301-803 form A
- With direct sensor output (Pt100 in 2-, 3- or 4-wire connection) or integrated transmitter
- Integrated transmitter with 4 ... 20 mA output signal, individually parameterisable with free-of-charge WIKAsoft-TT PC configuration software



Threaded resistance thermometer, model TR36

## Description

Resistance thermometers of these series are used as universal thermometers for the measurement of liquid and gaseous media in the range  $-50 \dots +250$  °C [-58  $\dots +482$  °F].

They can be used for pressures up to 140 bar [2,030 psi] with 3 mm [0.12 in] protection tube diameters, up to 270 bar [3,916 psi] with 6 mm [0.24 in] protection tube diameters, and up to 400 bar [5,801 psi] with 8 mm [0.31 in] protection tube diameters, depending on the instrument version. All electrical components are protected against splash water and designed to withstand vibration (8 g, depending on instrument version). The TR36 resistance thermometer consists of a probe tube, which can be fixed into the process using a permanently welded threaded connection or a compression fitting. A version without process connection is also available.

The instrument version with integrated transmitter can be configured individually via the WIKAsoft-TT PC configuration software. Measuring range, dampening, error signalling per NAMUR NE 043 and TAG no. can be adjusted.

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Data sheets showing similar products and accessories: Resistance thermometer, compact version; model TR30; see data sheet TE 60.30 Miniature resistance thermometer, explosion-protected version; model TR34; see data sheet TE 60.34 OEM threaded thermometer with plug connection; model TF35; see data sheet TE 67.10



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# Specifications

| Measuring element  |  |   |  |
|--|--|---|--|
| Type of measuring element  |  |   |  |
| Version 4 20 mA  | Pt1000<br>(measuring current < 0.3 mA; self-heating can be ignored)                                  |   |  |
| Version Pt100  | Pt100 (measuring current 0.1 1.0 mA)   |   |  |
|  | → For detailed specifications for Pt sensors, see Technical information<br>IN 00.17 at www.wika.com. |   |  |
| Connection method  |  |   |  |
| Version 4 20 mA  | 2-wire   |   |  |
| Version Pt100  | 2-wire   | The lead resistance is recorded as an error in the measurement        |  |
|  | 3-wire   | With a cable length of 30 m or longer, measuring deviations can occur |  |
|  | 4-wire   | The lead resistance can be ignored                                    |  |
| Tolerance value of the measuring element <sup>1)</sup> per IEC 60751 |  |   |  |
| Version 4 20 mA  | Class A  |   |  |
| Version Pt100  | <ul><li>Class A</li><li>Class B at 2-wire</li></ul>  |   |  |

| Accuracy specifications (4 20 mA version)                                   |  |
|---|--|
| Tolerance value of the measuring element $^{\mbox{\tiny 1)}}$ per IEC 60751 | Class A  |
| Measuring deviation of the transmitter per IEC 62828                        | $\pm 0.25$ K or 0.25 % of the set span (greater value applies)                       |
| Total measuring deviation per IEC 62828 <sup>2)</sup>                       | Measuring deviation of the measuring element + transmitter                           |
| Influence of ambient temperature  | 0.1 % of the set measuring span / 10 K $T_{a}$                                       |
| Influence of supply voltage   | $\pm 0.025~\%$ of the set measuring span / V (depending on the supply voltage $U_B)$ |
| Influence of load   | $\pm 0.05$ % of the set measuring span / 100 $\Omega$                                |
| Linearisation   | Linear to temperature per IEC 60751  |
| Output error  | $\pm 0.1$ % <sup>3)</sup> of the set measuring span                                  |
| Reference conditions  |  |
| Ambient temperature Ta ref  | 23 °C  |
| Supply voltage U <sub>B</sub> ref   | DC 24 V  |

Depending on the process connection, the deviation can be bigger.
 During transient interferences (e.g. burst, surge, ESD) take into account an increased measuring deviation of up to 2.5 %.
 ±0.2 % for start of measuring range less than 0 °C [32 °F]

#### Example calculation: Total measuring deviation

(measuring range 0 ... 150 °C, load 200 Ω, supply voltage 20 V, ambient temperature 33 °C, process temperature 100 °C)

| Sensor element (class A per IEC 60751: 0.15 + (0.0020(t))):                | ±0.350 K |
|--|----------|
| Measuring deviation of the transmitter ±0.25 K:                            | ±0.250 K |
| Output error ±(0.1 % of 150 K):  | ±0.150 K |
| Influence of load $\pm (0.05 \% / 100 \Omega \text{ of } 150 \text{ K})$ : | ±0.150 K |
| Influence of supply voltage $\pm$ (0.025 % / V of 150 K):                  | ±0.150 K |
| Influence of ambient temperature $\pm(0.1~\%/10$ K Ta of 150 K):           | ±0.150 K |

#### Measuring deviation (typical)

sqrt (0.35 K<sup>2</sup> + 0.25 K<sup>2</sup> + 0.15 K<sup>2</sup> + 0.15 K<sup>2</sup> + 0.15 K<sup>2</sup> + 0.15 K<sup>2</sup>) sqrt (0.275 K<sup>2</sup>) = 0.524 K

#### Measuring deviation (maximum)

0.35 K + 0.25 K + 0.15 K + 0.15 K + 0.15 K + 0.15 K = 1.2 K

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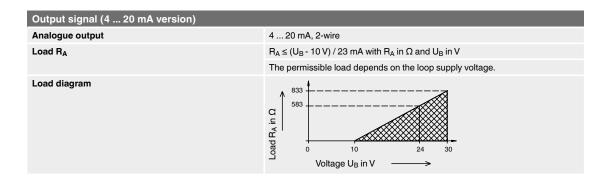
| Measuring range                              |  |   |  |
|--|--|---|--|
| Temperature range                            |  |   |  |
| Version 4 20 mA                              | Without neck tube -30 +150 °C [-22 +302 °F] With neck tube -30 +250 °C [-22 +482 °F] $^{1)}$ |   |  |
| Version Pt100                                | Class A  | Without neck tube -30 +150 °C [-22 +302 °F]<br>With neck tube -30 +250 °C [-22 +482 °F] <sup>1)</sup> |  |
|  | Class B  | Without neck tube -50 +150 °C [-58 +302 °F]<br>With neck tube -50 +250 °C [-58 +482 °F] <sup>1)</sup> |  |
| Unit (4 20 mA version)                       | Configurable °C, °F, K   |   |  |
| Temperature at the connector (Pt100 version) | Max. 85 °C [185 °F]  |   |  |
| Measuring span (4 20 mA version)             | Minimum 20 K, maximum 300 K  |   |  |

1) The temperature transmitter should therefore be protected from temperatures over 85 °C [185 °F].

| Process connection              |   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Type of process connection      | <ul> <li>G ¼ B</li> <li>G ¾ B</li> <li>G ½ B</li> <li>¼ NPT</li> <li>½ NPT</li> <li>M12 x 1.5</li> <li>M20 x 1.5</li> </ul>   |
| Protection tube                 |   |
| Protection tube diameter        | <ul> <li>3 mm [0.12 in]</li> <li>6 mm [0.24 in]</li> <li>8 mm [0.31 in]</li> </ul>  |
| Insertion length U <sub>1</sub> | <ul> <li>50 mm [1.97 in]</li> <li>75 mm [2.95 in] <sup>1</sup>)</li> <li>100 mm [3.94 in] <sup>1</sup>)</li> <li>120 mm [4.72 in] <sup>1</sup>)</li> <li>150 mm [5.91 in] <sup>1</sup>)</li> <li>200 mm [7.87 in] <sup>1</sup>)</li> <li>250 mm [9.84 in] <sup>1</sup>)</li> <li>300 mm [11.81 in] <sup>1</sup>)</li> <li>350 mm [13.78 in] <sup>1</sup>)</li> <li>400 mm [15.75 in] <sup>1</sup>)</li> </ul> |
|                                 | Other insertion lengths on request  |
| Material (wetted)               | Stainless steel 1.4571  |

1) Not for protection tube diameter 3 mm [0.12 in]

If the resistance thermometer is to be operated in an additional protection tube, a spring-loaded compression fitting must be used.



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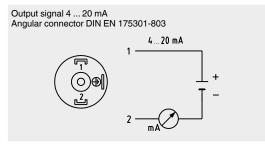
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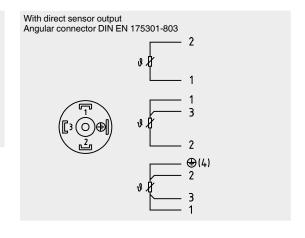


| Output signal (4 20 mA version)               |   |
|---|---|
| Factory configuration                         |   |
| Measuring range                               | Measuring range 0 150 °C [32 302 °F]  |
|   | Other measuring ranges are adjustable   |
| Current signals for error signalling          | Configurable in accordance with NAMUR NE 043<br>downscale < 3.6 mA (3.5 mA)<br>upscale > 21.0 mA (21.5 mA)      |
| Current value for sensor short-circuit        | Not configurable in accordance with NAMUR NE 043 downscale $\leq$ 3.6 mA (3.5 mA)                               |
| Communication                                 |   |
| Info data                                     | TAG no., description and user message can be stored in transmitter  |
| Configuration and calibration data            | Permanently stored  |
| Configuration software                        | WIKAsoft-TT<br>→ Configuration software (multilingual) as a download from www.wika.com                          |
| Voltage supply                                |   |
| Supply voltage U <sub>B</sub>                 | DC 10 30 V  |
| Supply voltage input                          | Protected against reverse polarity  |
| Permissible residual ripple of supply voltage | 10 % generated by $U_B$ < 3 % ripple of the output current  |
| Time response                                 |   |
| Switch-on delay, electrical                   | Max. 4 s (time before the first measured value)   |
| Warm-up time                                  | After approx. 4 minutes, the instrument will function to the specifications (accuracy) given in the data sheet. |

| Electrical connection          |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Connection type                | Angular connector DIN EN 175301-803 form A for cables with 6 8 mm [0.24 0.31 in] diameter, cross-section max. 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> |
| Material                       |   |
| Case material of the connector | PA  |
| Flat gasket                    | VMQ   |

#### Pin assignment





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| Operating conditions                        |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| Ambient temperature range                   | -40 +85 °C [-40 +185 °F]  |  |
| Storage temperature range                   | -40 +85 °C [-40 +185 °F]  |  |
| Climate class per IEC 60654-1               | Cx (-40 +85 °C [-40 +185 °F], 5 95 % r. h.)   |  |
| Maximum permissible humidity, condensation  | 100 % r. h., condensation allowed   |  |
| Maximum operating pressure <sup>1) 2)</sup> |   |  |
| For protection tube diameter 3 mm [0.12 in] | 140 bar [2,030 psi]   |  |
| For protection tube diameter 6 mm [0.24 in] | 270 bar [3,916 psi]   |  |
| For protection tube diameter 8 mm [0.31 in] | 400 bar [5,801 psi]   |  |
| Salt fog                                    | IEC 60068-2-11  |  |
| Vibration resistance per IEC 60751          | 10 2,000 Hz, 8 g <sup>1)</sup>  |  |
| Shock resistance per IEC 60068-2-27         | 50 g, 6 ms, 3 axes, 3 directions, three times per direction   |  |
| Ingress protection (IP code)                | IP65 per IEC/EN 60529   |  |
|   | The stated ingress protection only applies when plugged in using line<br>connectors that have the appropriate ingress protection. |  |
| Weight                                      | Approx. 0.2 0.7 kg [0.44 1.54 lbs] - depending on version   |  |

1) Dependent on the instrument version

2) Reduced operating pressure when using a compression fitting: Stainless steel = max. 100 bar [1,450 psi] / PTFE = max. 8 bar [116 psi]

# **Approvals**

| Logo | Description   | Region         |  |
|------|---|----------------|--|
| CE   | EU declaration of conformity  | European Union |  |
| ••   | EMC directive <sup>1)</sup><br>DIN EN 55011 (CISPR11): Emission (group 1, class B)<br>DIN EN 61326-1, DIN EN 61326-2-3: immunity (industrial application) |                |  |
|      | RoHS directive  |                |  |

1) During transient interferences (e.g. burst, surge, ESD) take into account an increased measuring deviation of up to 2.5 %.

# **Certificates (option)**

| Certification type               | Measurement<br>accuracy | Material certificate |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| 2.2 test report                  | x                       | x                    |
| 3.1 inspection certificate       | x                       | x                    |
| DAkkS calibration<br>certificate | x                       | -                    |

The different certifications can be combined with each other.

For calibration, the measuring insert is removed from the thermometer. The minimum length (metal part of the probe) for carrying out a 3.1 measurement accuracy test or DAkkS is 100 mm [3.94 in].

Calibration of shorter lengths on request.

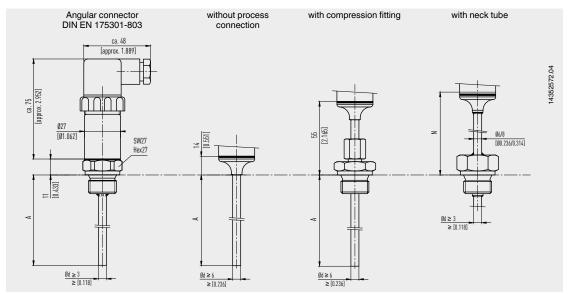
 $\rightarrow$  Approvals and certificates, see website

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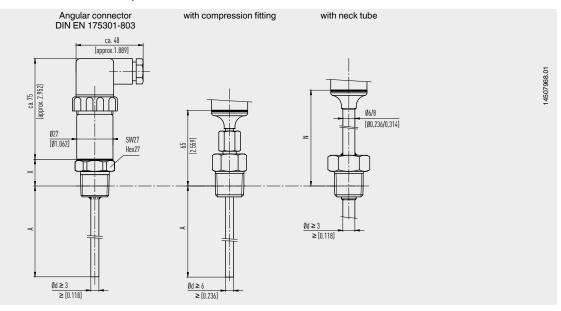


# Dimensions in mm [in]

#### Process connection with parallel threads (or without process connection)



#### Process connection with tapered thread



At a process temperature of > 150  $^{\circ}$ C [302  $^{\circ}$ F], a neck tube length N of 70 mm [2.76 in] is necessary.

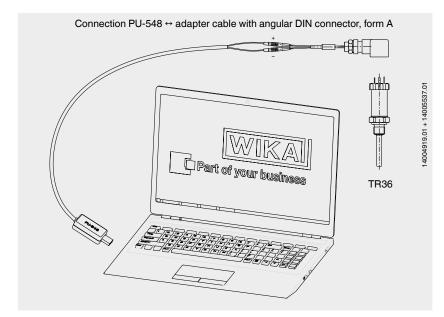
#### Legend:

- А
- Insertion length Neck tube length (70 mm [2.76 in]) Ν
- Ød Protection tube diameter
- Х
- Height process connection 1/4 NPT = 15 mm [0.59 in] 1/2 NPT = 19 mm [0.75 in]

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# Connecting the PU-548 programming unit

(predecessor, programming unit model PU-448, also compatible)

# Accessories

| Model |   | Description   | Order number |
|-------|---|---|--------------|
| 1     | , Programming unit<br>Model PU-548                  | <ul> <li>Easy to use</li> <li>LED status display</li> <li>Compact design</li> <li>No further voltage supply needed, neither for the programming unit nor for the transmitter</li> <li>(replaces programming unit model PU-448)</li> </ul> | 14231581     |
| -     | Adapter cable<br>DIN angular<br>connector to PU-548 | Adapter cable DIN angular connector for the connection of a<br>resistance thermometer with a DIN EN 175301-803 angular<br>connector form A to the model PU-548 programming unit   | 14005324     |

#### **Ordering information**

 $\label{eq:Model/Output signal/Transmitter temperature unit/Process temperature / Transmitter initial value / Transmitter end value / Process connection / Protection tube diameter / Insertion length A (U_1) or A (U_2) / Neck length N (M_H) / Accessories / Certificates$ 

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#### **Technical information**

# Operating limits and tolerances of platinum resistance thermometers per DIN EN IEC 60751

WIKA data sheet IN 00.17

# **General information**

Temperature is a measurement for the thermal state of a material - so a measurement of the average kinetic energy of its molecules. A close thermal contact between two bodies is needed in order that these bodies adopt the same temperature (temperature equalisation). The body to be measured should be coupled as closely as possible to the temperature sensor system.

The most established temperature measurement methods are based on material or body properties that change depending on the temperature. One of the most-used methods is the measurement with a resistance thermometer.

This document outlines the recurrent concepts and technologies that apply to all resistance thermometers produced by WIKA.

#### Standard version

If there are no additional specifications or customer requirements, we will recommend this selection, or we will select this option when offering or producing the thermometer.

## Sensor technology

The electrical resistance of a resistance thermometer's sensor changes with the temperature. As the resistance increases when temperature is raised, we refer to it as PTC (Positive Temperature Coefficient).

Pt100 or Pt1000 measuring resistors are normally used for industrial applications. The exact characteristics of these measuring resistors, and the thermometers based on them, are defined in IEC 60751. The most important characteristics are described in this document.

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#### Resistance basic values at 0 °C

| Designation | Basic value in $\Omega$ |
|-------------|-------------------------|
| Pt100       | 100                     |
| Pt1000      | 1,000                   |

Bold: Standard version

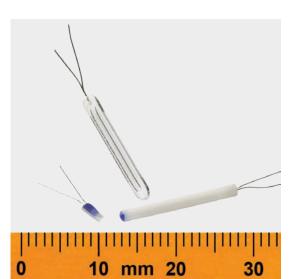


Fig. left: Thin-film measuring resistor Fig. centre: Glass measuring resistor Fig. right: Ceramic measuring resistor



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# Measuring resistor designs

Those measuring resistors used in thermometers can be wire-wound measuring resistors (W = Wire-Wound) or thin-film resistors (F = Thin-Film).

#### Thin-film measuring resistors (F), standard version

For thin-film measuring resistors, a very thin platinum film is applied to a ceramic carrier plate. Then, connecting wires are attached. Finally, the platinum film and the connecting wire connection are sealed against external effects by a layer of glass.

#### The thin-film measuring resistor is characterised by

- Temperature range: -50 ... +500 °C 1)
- High vibration resistance
- Very small size
- Good price/performance ratio

Thin-film measuring resistors are the standard design unless the temperature range or an explicit customer request exclude them.

#### Thin-film measuring resistor



#### Wire-wound measuring resistors (W)

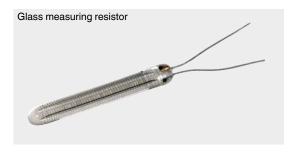
In this design, a very thin platinum wire is encased within a round protective body. This design has been well-established for decades and is accepted worldwide. Two subtypes are available that differ in the choice of insulating material.

#### Glass measuring resistor

The bifilar wire of the glass measuring resistor is fused within a glass body.

The glass measuring resistor is characterised by:

- Temperature range: -196 ... +400 °C <sup>1)</sup>
- High vibration resistance



1) The specifications apply to class B, see also table on page 4

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# Ceramic measuring resistor

The platinum wire of a ceramic measuring resistor is spiral-wound and located in a cylindrical cavity in the protective body.

The ceramic measuring resistor is characterised by: ■ Temperature range: -196 ... +600 °C <sup>1)</sup>

Limited vibration resistance

Ceramic measuring resistor



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# Sensor connection methods

#### 2-wire connection

The lead resistance to the sensor is recorded as an error in the measurement. For this reason, this connection type is not advisable when using Pt100 measuring resistors for tolerance classes A and AA, since the electrical resistance of the connecting cables and their own temperature dependency are fully included in the measuring result and thus falsify it.

#### Applications

- Connecting cables up to 250 mm
- Standard when using Pt1000 measuring resistors

#### 3-wire connection (standard version)

The influence of the lead resistance is compensated as far as possible. The maximum length of the connecting cable depends on the conductor cross-section and the compensation options of the evaluation electronics (transmitter, display, controller or process control system).

#### Applications

Connecting cables up to approx. 30 m

#### 4-wire connection

The influence of the connecting cable on the measuring result is completely eliminated since any possible asymmetries in the connecting cable's lead resistance are also compensated.

The maximum length of the connecting cable depends on the conductor cross-section and the compensation options of the evaluation electronics (transmitter, display, controller or process control system). A 4-wire connection can also be used as a 2-wire or 3-wire connection by disconnecting the unnecessary conductors.

#### Applications

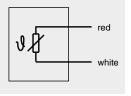
- Laboratory technology
- Calibration technology
- Tolerance class A or AA
- Connecting cables up to 1,000 m

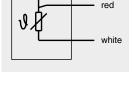
# **Dual sensors**

#### In the standard version a single sensor is fitted.

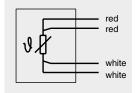
The combination of black and yellow is reserved for an optional second measuring resistor. For certain combinations (e.g. small diameter) dual sensors are not possible for technical reasons.

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red



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# **Relationship between temperature and resistance**

For each temperature there is exactly one resistance value. This clear relationship can be described by mathematical formulae.

For the temperature range -200 ... 0 °C the following applies, irrespective of the resistor design:

 $R_t = R_0 [1 + At + Bt^2 + C(t - 100 \ ^\circ \text{C}) \cdot t^3]$ 

For the temperature range 0 ... 600 °C the following applies:

 $R_t = R_0 [1 + At + Bt^2]$ 

Legend:

t = Temperature in °C  $R_t = Resistance in ohms at the measured temperature$  $R_0$  = Resistance in ohms at t = 0 °C (e.g. 100 ohms)

#### For the calculation, the following constants apply

 $A = 3.9083 \cdot 10^{-3} (^{\circ}C^{-1})$  $B = -5.7750 \cdot 10^{-7} \,(^{\circ}\text{C}^{-2})$  $C = -4.1830 \cdot 10^{-12} (°C^{-4})$ 

# **Operating limits and tolerance classes**

Both measuring resistor versions (wire-wound/thin-film) differ in the possible tolerances at the operating temperatures.

| Class | Temperature range in °C |               | Tolerance value                        |  |  |
|-------|-------------------------|---------------|--|--|--|
|       | Wire-wound (W)          | Thin-film (F) |  |  |  |
| В     | -196 +600               | -50 +500      | ±(0.30 + 0.0050   t  ) 1)              |  |  |
| А     | -100 +450               | -30 +300      | $\pm (0.15 + 0.0020 \mid t \mid)^{1)}$ |  |  |
| AA    | -50 +250                | 0 150         | $\pm (0.10 + 0.0017 \mid t \mid)^{1)}$ |  |  |

1) | t | is the numerical value of the temperature in °C irrespective of the sign.

Bold: Standard version

Under certain conditions, thermometers/measuring inserts with built-in measuring resistors can be operated in a temperature range outside the temperature range of the specified class.

The following must be observed regarding the compliance with the tolerance class:

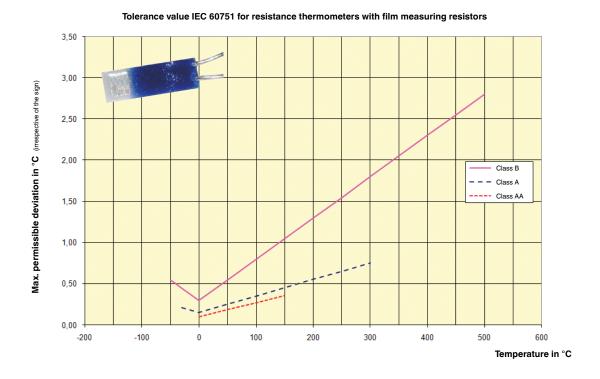
With standard instruments, the class A specified before can no longer be confirmed if the thermometer or measuring insert was operated above or below the class A temperature range. The dwell time is not relevant here.

Even if the temperature is in the range of class A again, the tolerance class of the measuring resistor is no longer defined.

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# Resistance values and tolerance values with selected temperatures (Pt100)

Tolerance value IEC 60751 for resistance thermometers with wire-wound measuring resistors

3,50 3,00 Max. permissible deviation in  $^{\circ}C$  (irrespective of the sign) 2,50 2,00 Class B – – Class A Class AA 1,50 1,00 - -0,50 - -:--0.00 -200 -100 0 100 200 300 400 500 600 Temperature in °C

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# Temperature values and tolerance values with selected resistance values (Pt100)

| Resistance value in $\Omega$ | Temperature value in °C (ITS 90)    |               |                    |  |  |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|--|--|
|                              | Tolerance class B Tolerance class A |               | Tolerance class AA |  |  |
| 50                           | -126.07124.22                       | -125.55124.75 | -125.46124.83      |  |  |
| 80                           | -51.3250.22                         | -51.0250.52   | -50.9650.58        |  |  |
| 100                          | -0.30 +0.30                         | -0.15 +0.15   | -0.10 +0.10        |  |  |
| 110                          | 25.26 26.11                         | 25.48 25.89   | 25.54 25.83        |  |  |
| 150                          | 129.50 131.40                       | 130.04 130.86 | 130.13 130.77      |  |  |
| 200                          | 264.72 267.98                       | 265.67 267.03 | 265.80 266.90      |  |  |
| 300                          | 554.60 560.78                       | 556.42 558.95 | 556.64 558.74      |  |  |

This table can be used to check the evaluation electronics,

e.g. by means of a decade resistor:

This means if the sensor or the measuring resistor is simulated by a decade resistor, the evaluation electronics

must display a temperature value within the limit values

specified above.

| Temperature in °C | Resistance value in $\Omega$ |                   |                    |  |  |  |
|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| (ITS 90)          | Tolerance class B            | Tolerance class A | Tolerance class AA |  |  |  |
| -196              | 19.69 20.80                  | -                 | -                  |  |  |  |
| -100              | 59.93 60.58                  | 60.11 60.40       | -                  |  |  |  |
| -50               | 80.09 80.52                  | 80.21 80.41       | 80.23 80.38        |  |  |  |
| -30               | 88.04 88.40                  | 88.14 88.30       | 88.16 88.28        |  |  |  |
| 0                 | 99.88 100.12                 | 99.94 100.06      | 99.96 100.04       |  |  |  |
| 20                | 107.64 107.95                | 107.72 107.87     | 107.74 107.85      |  |  |  |
| 100               | 138.20 138.81                | 138.37 138.64     | 138.40 138.61      |  |  |  |
| 150               | 156.93 157.72                | 157.16 157.49     | 157.91 157.64      |  |  |  |
| 250               | 193.54 194.66                | 193.86 194.33     | 193.91 194.29      |  |  |  |
| 300               | 211.41 212.69                | 211.78 212.32     | -                  |  |  |  |
| 450               | 263.31 265.04                | 263.82 264.53     | -                  |  |  |  |
| 500               | 280.04 281.91                | -                 | -                  |  |  |  |
| 600               | 312.65 314.77                | -                 | -                  |  |  |  |

# Resistance values and tolerance values with selected temperatures (Pt100)

This table represents the calibration process with predefined temperatures.

This means if a temperature standard is available, the resistance value of the test item must lie within the limits specified above.

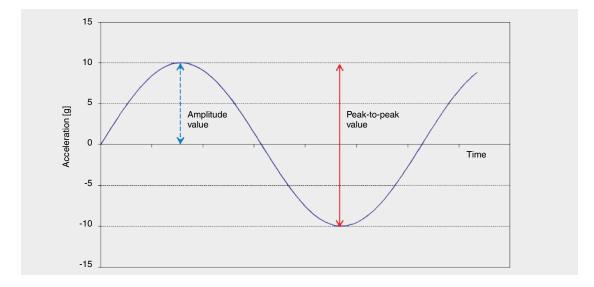
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# Vibration resistance of resistance thermometers

In accordance with IEC 60751, the design of a resistance thermometer can be influenced by vibration-induced accelerations that can be up to 3 g ( $30 \text{ m/s}^2$ ) and occur in a frequency range from 10 ... 500 Hz.

The vibration resistance data listed in the data sheets of the electrical thermometers from WIKA refer to the "peak-to-peak" value.



| Version  | Required vibration resistance<br>per IEC 60751 in g <sup>1)</sup><br>(peak-to-peak) | Determined vibration resistance<br>WIKA per IEC 60751 in g <sup>1)</sup><br>(peak-to-peak) |
|--|---|--|
| Standard   | 3   | 6  |
| Vibration resistant<br>(optional, thin-film measuring resistor)                    | -   | 20   |
| Highly vibration resistant<br>(special construction, thin-film measuring resistor) | •   | 50   |

1) 9.81 m/s<sup>2</sup>

| Measuring resistor             |                        | Vibration resistance (peak-to-peak) |      |                   |     |      |      |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|------|-------------------|-----|------|------|
|                                |                        | Ø 3 mm (MI cable)                   |      | Ø 6 mm (MI cable) |     |      |      |
|                                |                        | 6 g                                 | 20 g | 50 g              | 6 g | 20 g | 50 g |
| Thin-film (F)                  | 1 x Pt100 / 1 x Pt1000 | х                                   | x    | x                 | x   | x    | x    |
|                                | 2 x Pt100 / 2 x Pt1000 | х                                   | x    | -                 | x   | x    | x    |
| Thin-film, face-sensitive (FS) | 1 x Pt100 / 1 x Pt1000 | х                                   | -    | -                 | x   | -    | -    |
| Wire-wound (W)                 | 1 x Pt100 / 1 x Pt1000 | х                                   | -    | -                 | x   | -    | -    |
|                                | 2 x Pt100 / 2 x Pt1000 | х                                   | -    | -                 | х   | -    | -    |

The vibration resistance data listed in the data sheets of the electrical thermometers from WIKA only refer to the sensor tip.

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